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APPLICATION N	0.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/527,620		09/19/2005	Wilhelm Bringewatt	14584.008US	5245
22870	7590	0 10/19/2006	•	EXAMINER	
		. COLTON	GRAVINI, STEPHEN MICHAEL		
1201 WE		CHTREE STREET,	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		30309-3488	3749		
				DATE MAILED: 10/19/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		XI			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/527,620	BRINGEWATT ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Stephen Gravini	3749			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DOWN - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period versions - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE.	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 Se	eptember 2005.				
	action is non-final.	•			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	·				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-23 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce	epted or b) ☐ objected to by the I	Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• , ,	· ·			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	= ' '				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12)  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a)  All b)  Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3.  Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)		(070.449)			
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 20050311.</li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### **Priority**

Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

A broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is considered indefinite, since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. See MPEP § 2173.05(c). Note the explanation given by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences in *Ex parte Wu*, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "such as" and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of *Ex parte Steigewald*, 131 USPQ 74 (Bd. App. 1961); *Ex parte Hall*, 83 USPQ 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and *Ex parte Hasche*, 86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claim 15 recites the broad recitation 4 to 8 mm drum surface amount, and the claim also recites 5 mm drum surface amount which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation.

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Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. That claims recites a broad recitation followed by a narrower recitation which is considered indefinite under current Office practice.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Grunewald (DE 101 19 835).

Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Hastings (US 4,236,322).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

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2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.

3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Grantham (US 3,861,865) in view of Ross (US 3,747,841). Grantham is considered disclose each of the claimed features on the face of that reference, except for the claimed centrifugal acceleration higher than 600 times gravitation acceleration. Ross, another laundry drainage method and device, is considered to disclose centrifugal acceleration higher than 600 times gravitation acceleration at column 5 lines 46-51. That citation of Ross discloses a centrifugal speed of 3450 rpm. Applicants' specification recites 1000 rpm and concludes this speed will result in centrifugal acceleration higher than 600 times gravitation acceleration. Since the prior art discloses nearly three and a half times the speed discussed by applicant, the teachings of prior art reference Ross is broadly and reasonably construed from the specification to obviate the teachings Grantham since a resulting gravitational acceleration would result of more than 12 times or 7200 times the gravitational acceleration based on acceleration being proportional to speed squared. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Grantham with the centrifugal acceleration higher than 600 times gravitation acceleration, considered disclosed in Ross, for the purpose of providing a greater drying rate based on increased rotational speed of a dryer drum.

Claims 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hastings. Hastings is considered disclose the invention as rejected above, except for the claimed bore diameter or spacing. It would have been an obvious matter of design

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choice to recite a specific bore diameter or spacing, since the teachings of Hastings would perform the invention as claimed regardless of the bore diameter or spacing.

Claims 17-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hastings in view of Erickson (US 2,720,037). Hastings is considered disclose the invention as rejected above, except for the claimed plinth. Erickson, another laundry drainage method and device, is considered to disclose plinth on the face of that reference. Examiner reasonably and broadly construes the claimed plinth to be a drain sump, since applicants' specification discusses a plinth to be patentably the same as a drain sump found in the prior art. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Hastings with the plinth, considered disclosed in Erickson, for the purpose of providing a greater drying rate based on removing water from the base of the drying method or device. Furthermore, Hastings in view of Erickson is considered to obviate the claimed invention except for the claimed specific bore diameter or spacing. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to recite a specific bore diameter or spacing, since the teachings of Hastings in view of Erickson would perform the invention as claimed regardless of the bore diameter or spacing.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen Gravini whose telephone number is 571 272 4875. The examiner can normally be reached on normal weekday business hours (east coast time).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ehud Gartenberg can be reached on 571 272 4828. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

SMG October 10, 2006 Stephen Som"

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